

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI
ABERDEEN DIVISION**

Tammy Collier,

Plaintiff,

– against –

TD Bank USA, N.A., d/b/a Target Card
Services, TransUnion, LLC, and Equifax
Information Services, LLC

Defendant(s).

Civil Action No. 1:20cv62-GHD-RP

COMPLAINT

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Plaintiff, Tammy Collier (hereinafter “Plaintiff”), by and through her attorneys, The Law Offices of Robert S. Gitmeid & Associates, PLLC, by way of Complaint against Defendants, TD Bank USA, N.A., d/b/a Target Card Services (TD Bank), TransUnion, LLC (“TransUnion”), and Equifax Information Services, LLC (“Equifax”), alleges as follows:

INTRODUCTION

1. This is an action for damages brought by an individual consumer for Defendants’ violations of the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681, et seq. (the “FCRA”) and other claims related to unlawful credit reporting practices. The FCRA prohibits furnishers of credit information from falsely and inaccurately reporting consumers’ credit information to credit reporting agencies.

PARTIES

2. Plaintiff, Tammy Collier, is an adult citizen of Mississippi.
3. Plaintiff is a “consumer” as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1681a(c) of the FCRA.
4. Defendant TD Bank does business throughout the country and in the state of Mississippi. TD Bank is a “furnisher” of consumer credit information as that term is used in Section 1681s-2 of the FCRA.
5. Defendant TransUnion is a limited liability company, doing business throughout the country and in the state of Mississippi. TransUnion is a “consumer reporting

agency” as defined in Section 1681a(f) of the FCRA. TransUnion is one of the largest CRAs in the world.

6. Defendant Equifax is a corporation, doing business throughout the country and in the state of Mississippi. Equifax is a “consumer reporting agency” as defined in Section 1681a(f) of the FCRA. Equifax is one of the largest CRAs in the world.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

7. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 because the rights and obligations of the parties in this action arise out of 15 U.S.C. § 1681 and 15 U.S.C. § 1681p, which provides that an action to enforce any liability created under 15 U.S.C. § 1681 may be brought in any appropriate United States District Court, without regard to the amount in controversy.
8. Venue in this district is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because a substantial part of the events and omissions giving rise to Plaintiffs’ claims occurred in Mississippi.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

9. Defendant TD Bank issued an account ending in 6663 to Plaintiff. The account was routinely reported on Plaintiff’s consumer credit report.
10. The consumer report at issue is a written communication of information concerning Plaintiff’s credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living which is used or for the purpose of serving as a factor in establishing the consumer’s eligibility for credit to be used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1681a(d)(1) of the FCRA.
11. On or about March 22, 2019, Plaintiff and TD Bank d/b/a Target Card Services entered into a settlement agreement for the above referenced account. A redacted copy of the settlement agreement is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.
12. Pursuant to the terms of the settlement, Plaintiff was required to make payments totaling \$522.00 to settle and close her TD Bank account.
13. Plaintiff, via her debt settlement representative, timely made the requisite settlement payment. Redacted proof of this payment is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.
14. However, over half a year later, Plaintiff’s TD Bank account continued to be negatively reported.
15. In particular, on a requested credit report dated December 17, 2019, Plaintiff’s TD Bank account was reported with a status of “CHARGE OFF”, a balance of \$1,216.00, and a past due balance of \$1,216.00. The relevant portion of Plaintiff’s credit report is attached hereto as **Exhibit C**.
16. This tradeline was inaccurately reported. As evidenced by the settlement agreement and proof of payment, the account was settled for less than full balance and must be reported as settled with a balance of \$0.00.
17. On or about December 26, 2019, Plaintiff, via her attorney at the time, notified Defendants of a dispute with the completeness and/or accuracy of the reporting

of Plaintiff's TD Bank account. A redacted copy of this letter and the certified mail receipts are attached hereto as **Exhibit D**.

18. Therefore, Plaintiff disputed the accuracy of the derogatory information reported by TD Bank to the Consumer Reporting Agencies via certified mail in accordance with 15 U.S.C. § 1681i of the FCRA.
19. In March 2020, Plaintiff requested an updated credit report for review. The tradeline for Plaintiff's TD Bank account remained inaccurate, as Defendants failed to correct the inaccuracy. The relevant portions of the March 2020 credit reports are attached hereto as **Exhibit E**.
20. TransUnion and Equifax did not notify TD Bank of the dispute by Plaintiff in accordance with the FCRA, or alternatively, did notify TD Bank and TD Bank failed to properly investigate and delete the tradeline or properly update the tradeline on Plaintiff's credit reports.
21. If TD Bank had performed a reasonable investigation of Plaintiff's dispute, Plaintiff's TD Bank account would have been updated to reflect a "settled" status with a balance of \$0.00.
22. Despite the fact that TD Bank has promised through its subscriber agreements or contracts to accurately update accounts, TD Bank has nonetheless willfully, maliciously, recklessly, wantonly, and/or negligently failed to follow this requirement as well as the requirements set forth under the FCRA, which has resulted in the intended consequences of this information remaining on Plaintiff's credit reports.
23. Defendants failed to properly maintain and failed to follow reasonable procedures to assure maximum possible accuracy of Plaintiff's credit information and Plaintiff's credit report, concerning the account in question, thus violating the FCRA. These violations occurred before, during, and after the dispute process began with TransUnion and Equifax.
24. At all times pertinent hereto, Defendants were acting by and through their agents, servants and/or employees, who were acting within the scope and course of their employment, and under the direct supervision and control of the Defendants herein.
25. At all times pertinent hereto, the conduct of Defendants, as well as that of their agents, servants and/or employees, was malicious, intentional, willful, reckless, negligent and in wanton disregard for federal law and the rights of the Plaintiff herein.

CLAIM FOR RELIEF

26. Plaintiff reasserts and incorporates herein by reference all facts and allegations set forth above.
27. TransUnion is a "consumer reporting agency," as codified at 15 U.S.C. § 1681a(f).
28. Equifax is a "consumer reporting agency," as codified at 15 U.S.C. § 1681a(f).
29. TD Bank is an entity who, regularly and in the course of business, furnishes information to one or more consumer reporting agencies about its transactions or

experiences with any consumer and therefore constitutes a “furnisher,” as codified at 15 U.S.C. § 1681s-2.

30. TD Bank is reporting inaccurate credit information concerning Plaintiff to one or more credit bureaus as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1681a of the FCRA.
31. Plaintiff notified Defendants of a dispute on the account’s completeness and/or accuracy, as reported.
32. TD Bank failed to complete an investigation of Plaintiff’s written dispute and provide the results of an investigation to Plaintiff and the credit bureaus within the 30-day statutory period as required by 15 U.S.C. § 1681s-2(b).
33. TD Bank failed to promptly modify the inaccurate information on Plaintiff’s credit report in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1681s-2(b).
34. TransUnion and Equifax failed to delete information found to be inaccurate, reinserted the information without following the FCRA, or failed to properly investigate Plaintiff’s disputes.
35. TransUnion and Equifax failed to maintain and failed to follow reasonable procedures to assure maximum possible accuracy of Plaintiff’s credit report, concerning the account in question, violating 15 U.S.C. § 1681e(b).
36. As a result of the above violations of the FCRA, Plaintiff suffered actual damages in one or more of the following categories: lower credit score, denial of credit, embarrassment and emotional distress caused by the inability to obtain financing for everyday expenses, rejection of credit card application, higher interest rates on loan offers that would otherwise be affordable, and other damages that may be ascertained at a later date.
37. As a result of the above violations of the FCRA, Defendants are liable to Plaintiff for actual damages, punitive damages, statutory damages, attorney’s fees and costs.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands that judgment be entered against Defendants as follows:

1. That judgment be entered against Defendants for actual damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1681n or alternatively, 15 U.S.C. § 1681o;
2. That judgment be entered against Defendants for punitive damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1681n;
3. That the Court award costs and reasonable attorney’s fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1681n or alternatively, 15 U.S.C. § 1681o; and
4. That the Court grant such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff demands trial by jury in this action of all issues so triable.

Respectfully Submitted, this the 6th day of April, 2020.

TAMMY COLLIER

/s/ Thomas Bellinder

Thomas Bellinder, Esquire (Bar No. 103115)

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Associates, PLLC

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